

**PRZYKŁADOWY SPRAWDZIAN
KOMPETENCJI JEZYKOWYCH
W III LICEUM OGÓLNOKSZTAŁCĄCYM
Z ODDZIAŁAMI DWUJEZYCZNYMI IM. MARII
DĄBROWSKIEJ**

Zadanie 1 (4pkt)

Przeczytaj poniższy tekst. Na podstawie zawartych w nim informacji zaznacz w tabeli znakiem X, które ze zdań (1-4) są zgodne z treścią tekstu (True) a które nie (False).

Hi Danielle,

I hope you are well. I am having a great time. I took a bus from Madrid to Algeciras and then a ferry to Tangier.

The bus trip was amazing but it was also quite long and tiring. I'm glad we had air conditioning because it was boiling outside. We stopped for a break on the motorway and I couldn't bear the heat.

The ferry trip was only a couple of hours and so we arrived in Morocco early yesterday morning.

Tangier isn't as I expected it to be. It is very noisy and our hostel isn't very clean but I like the people staying here. I'm glad it is only for two nights. I'm also glad that I met a couple of American students. I wanted to go to Rabat first but now I am going to Meknes and Marrakech with them.

I'll let you know how it goes.

Andy

- 1 Andy took a bud to Tangier.
- 2 Andy found it too hot on the bus.
- 3 Andy likes the hostel he is staying in.
- 4 Andy changed his travel plans.

TRUE	FALSE

Zadanie 2 (4 pkt)

Przeczytaj oferty trzech obozów wakacyjnych (A-C) oraz pytania dotyczące tych ofert (1--4). Do każdego pytania dopasuj właściwą ofertę. Wpisz odpowiednią literę w kratkę obok każdego pytania. Jedna z ofert pasuje do dwóch pytań :

A) Paradise Park summer camp is the perfect place for your children to stay fit and have fun during the summer holidays. We offer a range of exciting and sometimes tough activities. Go sailing, windsurfing, kayaking, snorkelling, and even scuba diving. The camp has basketball, tennis, and volleyball courts as well as a gym. We also organise weekend hiking trips with a range of fun outdoor activities including rock climbing and bungee jumping.

B) Greenvale summer camp is located in a beautiful area by a lake and is surrounded by forest. Accommodation is in traditional log cabins and our cooks prepare all meals with the best of local products for your children's health. Our camp counsellors organise a variety of interesting lessons and fun activities every day including art and drama, music classes, fancy dress, horse riding, canoeing and a range of sports.

C) Beaumont Beach Camp offers just about everything you and your children need to have a fantastic summer holiday. The camp is next to one of the most beautiful beaches in the country and also has three large swimming pools. Stay in a lovely beach bungalow just metres from the water. Your kids can choose up to 12 different activities every day with our friendly and fun instructors while you lie on the beach or relax around the pool.

Which summer camp would be best for:

1.	a family holiday?	
2.	children looking for adventure?	
3.	someone looking for a relaxing holiday?	
4.	children wishing to learn new skills.	

Zadanie 3 (4 pkt)

Przeczytaj tekst i wybierz właściwą odpowiedź z pytań (1-4) - zgodnie z tekstem.

The dancing farmer!

Hi, I'm Julian. I work on my dad's farm in Scotland and I love it. I'm always outdoors, and I never feel under pressure like lots of my friends in their jobs. I often work on my own but I find that relaxing. I can always talk to the animals when I feel lonely! Do you know pigs are as intelligent as humans? What I find really difficult is getting up early every morning, especially in winter. I'm really bad at it and mum has to scream up the stairs to get me out of bed.

I like being a farmer but a good social life is also important. During the week I can't stay up late but things are different at the weekends. My college friends all live and work in the city about half an hour away and I visit them most weekends. We go clubbing because I love music and dancing. I'm fascinated by all types of dancing and love my Saturday nights out. As you can imagine, it's very different to my life during the week.

I often think about doing something different. I know I'm good at farming but perhaps I've got other skills that I don't know about. I'm not bored with farming at all but I love learning new things and I learn fast. I'm watching a great TV series at the moment called 'Faking it', in which people have a month to change their lives completely. I don't tell many people this, but do you know what I want to train to be? A professional dancer!

1. Why does Julian like his Job?
 - A) Because he likes talking to animals
 - B) Because it's challenging
 - C) Because he doesn't feel lonely when he's at work.
 - D) Because it's not stressful.
2. What does he find hard about his job?
 - A) He doesn't like being a farmer in winter
 - B) His mum screams at him a lot
 - C) Sometimes he's lonely
 - D) He doesn't like getting up early in the mornings.
3. Why are weekends special for him?
 - A) Because he loves going to the city.
 - B) Because he sees his friends
 - C) Because he doesn't have to go to bed early
 - D) Because he listens to music
4. Why does Julian want to learn something else?

- A) Because he's bored being a farmer
- B) Because he wants to do something different
- C) Because he learns fast
- D) Because he doesn't have any skills

Zadanie 4 (8pkt)

Przeczytaj tekst i odpowiedz na poniższe pytania:

People all around the world celebrate the start of a new year. They do it at different times because their calendars are different.

The **Romans** celebrated New Year on the 1st March. Then, in 46 BC, the date moved to 1st January when Julius Caesar changed the old lunar calendar to a new solar calendar. The Romans put up decorations in the homes and gave presents. Slaves and masters ate together.

The **Chinese** use a lunar calendar and their New Year is in January or February. Families put up paper decorations at home, have special meals and give presents. There are fireworks and big parades in the streets and people carry big paper dragons in the famous 'dragon dance'.

Hindus celebrate Diwali, the New Year Festival of Lights, after the end of the monsoon in October or November. People light small lamps and put them in their windows. They visit their friends and family and have a special meal. On the night of Diwali there are fireworks.

The **Japanese** New Year is on the 1st January. People buy decorations and put them on their doors and windows for good luck. Families make rice cakes and give presents of money and clothes. At midnight, Buddhist priests ring bells 108 times. Then Japanese people laugh – this brings them luck in the New Year.

At midnight on the 31st December, **Spanish** people eat twelve grapes – one grape for every month of the new year. Every grape brings good luck.

1 – When did 1st January become New Year in Rome?

.....

2 – Why did the date change?

.....

3 – When is the Chinese New Year?

.....

4 – What dance is part of the Chinese New Year?

.....

5 – What do people put in their windows in Diwali?

.....

6 – Where do Japanese people put decorations at New Year?

.....
7 – Why do Japanese people laugh after midnight?

.....
8 – Why do people in Spain eat grapes at New Year?

Zadanie 5 (8pkt)

Wybierz odpowiedź, która najbardziej pasuje do uzupełnienia luki (zakreśl w kółko)

MAKING FRIENDS

You may think that (1) knows how to make friends, but for some people it isn't easy. (2)they want to be friends with others, they always seem to be alone. Sadly, some of them get depressed (3).....this.

We wanted to find out how these people can make friends, (4)we asked a group of 14-year-olds what sort of people they prefer. The most important thing, they said, is that they can get (5).....with them. They like to be friends with kind and generous people, who rarely get angry (6).....others. They also like people who laugh at their jokes, and can tell (7).....stories, too. They (8).....be interested in what the group does, and perhaps even think of exciting new things to do.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. A) anybody | B) somebody | C) everybody | D) nobody |
| 2. A) Although | B) Even | C) Despite | D) However |
| 3. A) for | B) about | C) of | D) under |
| 4. A) since | B) because | C) so | D) as |
| 5. A) on | B) down | C) back | D) in |
| 6. A) to | B) against | C) with | D) by |
| 7. A) amused | B) cheerful | C) smiling | D) funny |
| 8. A) can | B) ought | C) need | D) should |

Zadanie 6 (6pkt)

Napisz odpowiednią formę słowa w nawiasie, żeby poprawnie uzupełnić zdanie.

1. My friend is a classicalwho plays all around the world. (MUSIC)
2. Do you think it'sto wear hoodies?! (FASHION)
3. I love break dancing but some of theare difficult to learn.(MOVE)
4. Please bewith those glasses, they're very expensive! (CARE)
5. Some people say mobile phones can be, specially to children. (HARM)
6. My old phone is not very hi-tech but it's always been (RELY)

Zadanie 7 (6pkt)

Przetłumacz fragmenty zdań pamiętając o poprawności.

1. (Bardzo dobrze gram)football.
2. We will go for a hike tomorrow.....(chyba, że będzie padać).
3. (Nie wolno rozmawiać)during the examination.
4. (Może zamówimy)pizza for dinner tonight?
5. (Czy to jest dziewczyna, która wygrała) the talent competition?
6. (Przepraszam za spóźnienie)....., Mr Jones.

Zadanie 8 (5pkt)

Uzupełnij drugie zdanie używając niezmienionej formy podanego słowa, tak żeby uzyskać podobne znaczenie do pierwszego zdania.

1. The price of these CDs is very high?' (COST)
These CDsof money.
2. Alice decided to buy a new lamp for her room. (IS)
AliceI buy a new lamp for her room.
3. I bought this phone six months ago. (SINCE)
It'sI bought this phone.
4. She had the ability to learn facts easily. (COULD)
Shefacts easily.
5. We haven't got enough money to buy festival tickets. (EXPENSIVE)
The festival ticketsfor us to buy them.

Punkty:/45